Report for: Cabinet Member Signing – 28 July 2022

Title: Amendment to s47 Discretionary Rates Policy to administer Covid

Additional Relief Fund

Report

authorised by: Jon Warlow, Director of Finance

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Ward(s) affected: All

Report for Key/

Non Key Decision: Key Decision

## 1. Describe the issue under consideration

- 1.1 On 25 March 2021 the Government announced a new COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF) of £1.5 billion. The fund will be available to support those businesses affected by the pandemic but that are ineligible for existing support linked to business rates. On 15<sup>th</sup> December 2021 the Government issued guidance on how the fund would be allocated and administered. Haringey's maximum allocation of this CARF is £3,869,472.
- 1.2 The £1.5 billion has been allocated to local authorities based upon the estimated rateable value in each local authority rating list which falls within the scope of the fund, weighted for the Gross Value Added (GVA) impacts of COVID-19 per sector.
- 1.3 The Government is not changing the legislation relating to the business rates reliefs available to properties. Instead, the Government will reimburse local authorities where relief is granted using discretionary relief powers under section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988.
- 1.4 It will be for individual billing authorities to adopt a local scheme and determine in each individual case whether, having regard to the guidance and their own local scheme, to grant relief under section 47. The relief is available to reduce chargeable amounts in respect of 2021/22.
- 1.5 On 24th January 2022 an Urgent Decision was taken to agree the following recommendations:
  - 1.5.1. To approve the Covid Additional Relief Fund (CARF) Discretionary Rate Relief scheme set out in Appendix 1 of the report.
  - 1.5.2. To delegate authority to the Director of Housing, Regeneration and Planning, after consultation with the Cabinet Member for House Building, Place-Making, and Development to amend the levels of relief awarded as set out in Appendix 1 to review the levels of the award of relief once take-up levels of the relief are known so as to maximise the distribution of the Covid Additional Relief



Fund (CARF) funding without overspending the Government's funding for this scheme.

- 1.5.3. Agrees that awards of this additional discretionary rate relief are subject to the availability of Government funding for Covid Additional Relief Fund (CARF) and that the scheme is available for the financial year 2021/22 only.
- 1.6 There is no requirement in the Guidance for Local Authorities to require a claim to be made by ratepayers and the Council proposes to award the relief to qualifying businesses without requiring them to claim. By accepting the relief, those ratepayers will be confirming their entitlement as set out in paragraph 6.3 of this report and the Subsidy Control section of the Guidance.
- 1.7 Since the scheme was agreed there have been very few applications for the relief (approximately forty) and there is no delegated authority to change the claim mechanism.

### 2. Cabinet Member Introduction

2.1. This addition to the Discretionary Rate Relief policy will allow the Council to maximise the distribution to local businesses of funding allocated to Haringey in accordance with the COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF): Local Authority Guidance issued on 15th December and subsequently.

#### 3. Recommendations

- 3.1. The Cabinet Member is recommended:
  - 3.1.1. To approve the Covid Additional Relief Fund Discretionary Rate Relief scheme set out in Appendix A.
  - 3.1.2. To delegate authority to the Director of Culture Strategy and Engagement, after consultation with the Cabinet Member for Economic Development, Jobs, and Community Cohesion, to amend the scheme to maximise the distribution of the Covid Additional Relief Fund funding without overspending the Government's funding.
  - 3.1.3. To agree that awards of this additional discretionary rate relief are subject to the availability of Government funding for Covid Additional Relief Fund and that the scheme is available for the financial year 2021/22 only.

### 4. Reasons for decision

- 4.1 The Government has provided funding to support a discretionary rate relief scheme under section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act to award rate relief to businesses as set out in COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF): Local Authority Guidance issued on 15<sup>th</sup> December and subsequently.
- 4.2 Cabinet approval is required to update the Discretionary Discount Scheme using the Council's powers under section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988 as amended.



## 5. Alternative options considered

5.1 The alternative option considered was not to develop discretionary scheme, which would result in £3.8m of hardship funding not being made available to Haringey Businesses in need of support.

# 6. Background information

- 6.1 The Government is not changing the legislation relating to the business rates reliefs available to properties. Instead, the Government will, in line with the eligibility criteria set out in the guidance, reimburse local authorities where relief is granted using discretionary relief powers under section 47 of the Local Government Finance Act 1988. Individual billing authorities must adopt a local scheme and determine in each individual case whether to grant relief under section 47. The relief is available to reduce chargeable amounts in respect of 2021/22.
- 6.2 Central government will fully reimburse local authorities for discretionary relief awards which comply with the guidance up to the maximum level of the allocations.
- 6.3 Haringey is responsible for designing the discretionary relief schemes that is to operate in its areas. However, to receive funding for the relief the scheme must comply with the Governments requirements to:
  - 6.3.1. not award relief to ratepayers who for the same period of the relief either are or would have been eligible for the Extended Retail Discount (covering Retail, Hospitality and Leisure), the Nursery Discount or the Airport and Ground Operations Support Scheme (AGOSS),
  - 6.3.2. not award relief to a hereditament for a period when it is unoccupied (other than hereditaments which have become closed temporarily due to the government's advice on COVID-19, which should be treated as occupied for the purposes of this relief), and
  - 6.3.3. direct support towards ratepayers who have been adversely affected by the pandemic and have been unable to adequately adapt to that impact.
- In line with the legal restrictions in section 47(8A) of the Local Government Finance Act 1988, billing authorities may not grant the discount to themselves, certain precepting authorities (e.g. a parish or county council) or a functional body, within the meaning of the Greater London Authority Act 1999.
- 6.5 The scheme set out in Appendix A has been designed to ensure the Council complies with the requirements of such a scheme as set out in the guidance document entitled 'COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF): local authority guidance'.
- In order to manage funding allocation, it is anticipated that there may be more than one round of allocations. The initial round will be based on the reduction in GVA but multiplied by 1.34 as set out in the table below so as not to exceed the £3.8m funding provided. This methodology maintains the proportional loss set out in the guidance and maximizes the distribution of the relief. Should there be



unallocated funding following the first round, the council will consider making a further distribution of relief based on average GVA loss.

No. of cases	Sector		Total debit for sector	Reduction in GVA	Maximum Relief	Award totals
2	Hospitality		£69,209	55%	74%	£51,007
7	Arts Enertainment and Rec		£48,082	34%	46%	£21,906
2	Other Services		£13,872	32%	43%	£5,948
81	Transport		£292,494	32%	43%	£125,421
62	Education		£2,431,782	21%	28%	£684,303
3	Construction		£190,973	20%	27%	£51,181
88	Health		£1,531,724	14%	19%	£287,351
702	Manufacturing		£12,334,040	10%	13%	£1,652,761
166	Wholesale & Retail		£1,614,507	9%	12%	£194,710
277	Information & Communication		£4,850,162	8%	11%	£519,937
578	J-N: Information, Communication, F	inancial Intermedia	£3,267,093	6%	8%	£262,674
1968	3		£26,643,939			£3.857.201

## 7. Contribution to strategic outcomes

- 7.1 This decision will contribute to the following strategic outcomes:
- 7.1.1 A growing economy and thriving local businesses, supported by a community wealth building approach
- 7.1.2 A borough with more quality jobs with opportunities for progression

# 8. Statutory Officer Comments (Director of Finance, Head of Legal and Governance (Monitoring Officer), and Equalities)

### 8.1 Finance

8.1.1 The proposed amendment to the s47 Discretionary Rate Relief Policy to allow the Council to make direct awards will maximise the distribution of relief to local businesses which is one of the stated objectives of the scheme.

The approach proposed within this report is consistent with the government's guidance to local authorities on the use of this grant, and the proposed spend will remain within Haringey's grant allocation of £3,869,472. Any spend incurred above this amount would be a direct cost to the Council's General Fund.

## 8.2 Legal

- 8.2.1 The Head of Legal and Governance has been consulted in the preparation of this report, and makes the following comments.
- 8.2.2 On 15<sup>th</sup> December 2021, the Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities published a guidance document entitled 'COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF): local authority guidance' (the guidance). The intended purpose of the guidance is to *support local authorities in administering the COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF)*. That support comes in the form of guidance on the scope of CARF and the criteria which local authorities should have regard to when determining awards from the fund whilst making the point that The guidance does not replace existing legislation.



8.2.3 The guidance contains the following five fundamental eligibility points:

Firstly, the fund will be available to support those businesses affected by the pandemic but that are ineligible for existing support linked to business rates.

Secondly, It will be for individual billing authorities to adopt a local scheme and determine in each individual case whether, having regard to this guidance and their own local scheme, to grant relief under section 47.

Thirdly, the local scheme must exclude take account of the matters listed at paragraph 5.3.1 - 5.4 of this report

Fourthly, The relief is available to reduce chargeable amounts in respect of 2021/22.

Fifthly, so as not to infringe the rules around Subsidy Control (formerly called State Aid) care will need to be taken to ensure that the recipient of a payment will not have received more than £343,000 of subsidy under the Small Amounts of Financial Assistance Allowance in a three-year period (consisting of the current financial year and the two previous financial years). That said the guidance does, however, go on to permit payments to be made in cases where the threshold has been reached in prescribed circumstances.

- 8.2.4 The incentive for the Council to comply with the guidance is that Central government will fully reimburse local authorities for discretionary relief awards which comply with this guidance up to the maximum level of the allocations.
- 8.2.5 In view of the assurance given at paragraph 6.5 of the report on the proposals being in compliance with the guidelines, there is no legal reason why the Cabinet Member cannot adopt the Recommendations contained in this report.

# 8.3 **Equality**

- 8.3.1 The council has a Public Sector Equality Duty under the Equality Act (2010) to have due regard to the need to:
  - Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act
  - Advance equality of opportunity between people who share protected characteristics and people who do not
  - Foster good relations between people who share those characteristics and people who do not

The three parts of the duty apply to the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy/maternity, race, religion/faith, sex and sexual orientation. Marriage and civil partnership status applies to the first part of the duty.



Although it is not enforced in legislation as a protected characteristic, Haringey Council treats socioeconomic status as a local protected characteristic.

- 8.3.2 The Council does not hold information on the demographic breakdown of the businesses who will benefit from the scheme but can set out how the duty has been met.
- 8.3.3 The Council has not discriminated on the basis of protected characteristic- any business meeting the scheme criteria (which does not discriminate on the basis of protected characteristic) will be eligible; take steps to ensure equality of opportunity. The Council will maximise take-up by direct award of the relief to qualifying businesses rather than requiring applications to be made.

# 9. Use of Appendices

9.1. Appendix A - Covid Additional Relief Fund Discretionary Rate Relief scheme

# 10. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985

Discretionary Rates Relief Policy

https://www.haringey.gov.uk/sites/haringeygovuk/files/discretionary\_business\_rates\_re\_lief\_policy.pdf

COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF): local authority guidance <a href="https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/1041468/CARF\_LA\_Guidance.pdf">https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/1041468/CARF\_LA\_Guidance.pdf</a>

